

Swiss Centre of Competence
for Deep Geothermal Energy
for power and heat production



Reservoir engineering for heat exchange Haute-Sorne

SCCER-SoE Jahreskonferenz

Tuesday 13th of September 2016, HES-SO Valais Sion

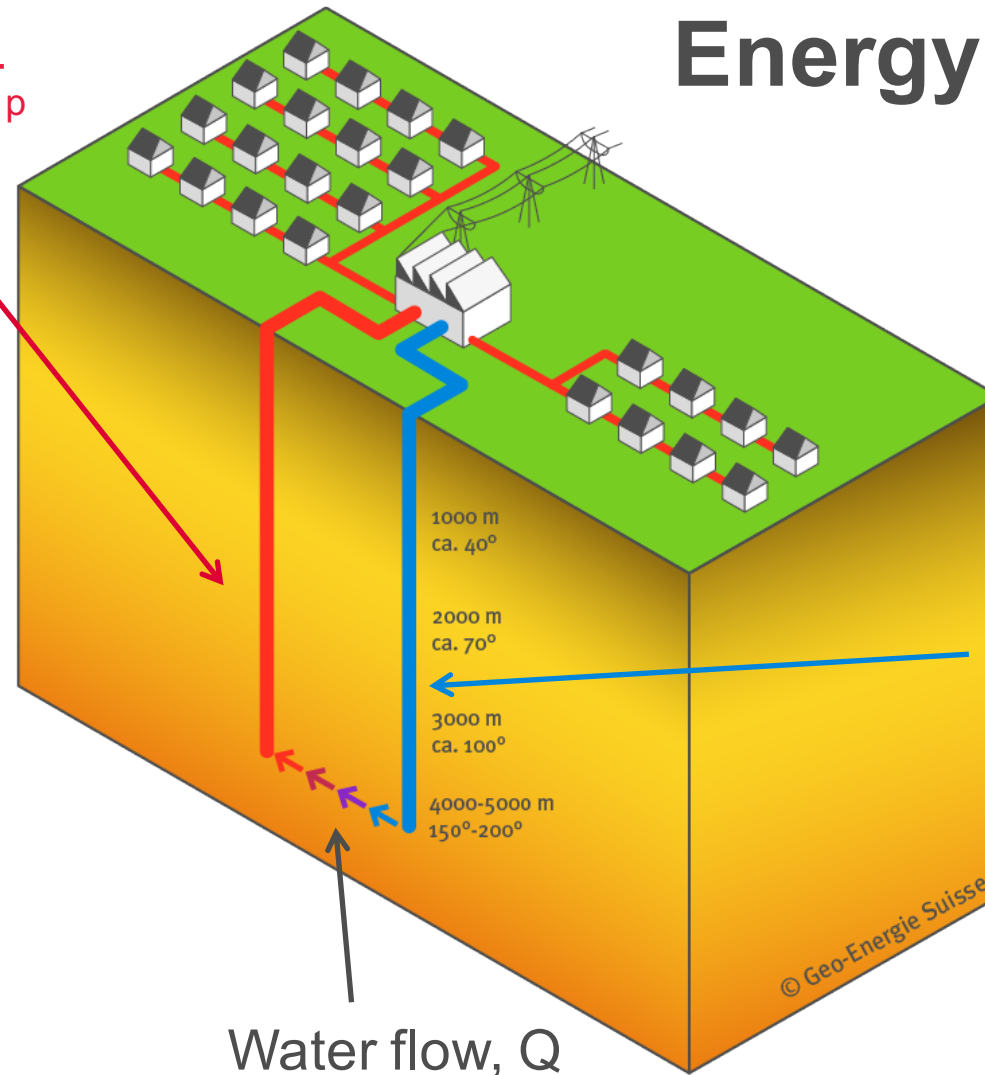
Dr. Peter Meier, CEO Geo-Energie Suisse



The Geothermal Energy

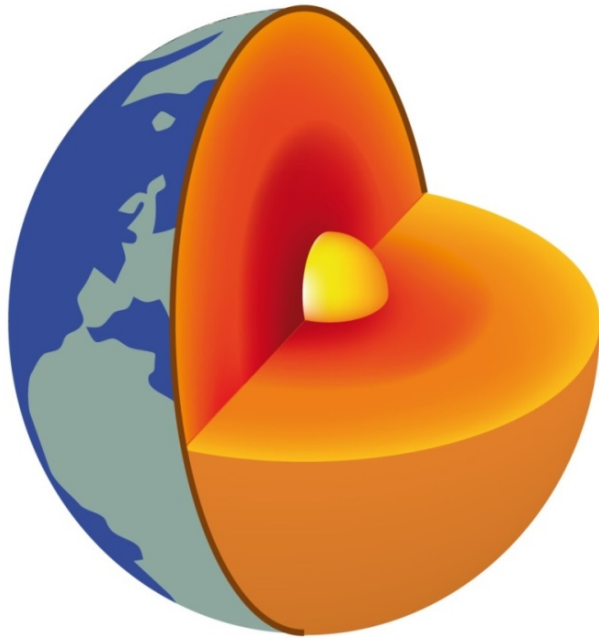
Production
Temperature, T_p

$$\text{Energy} \approx Q \cdot (T_p - T_i)$$



Re-injection
Temperature, T_i

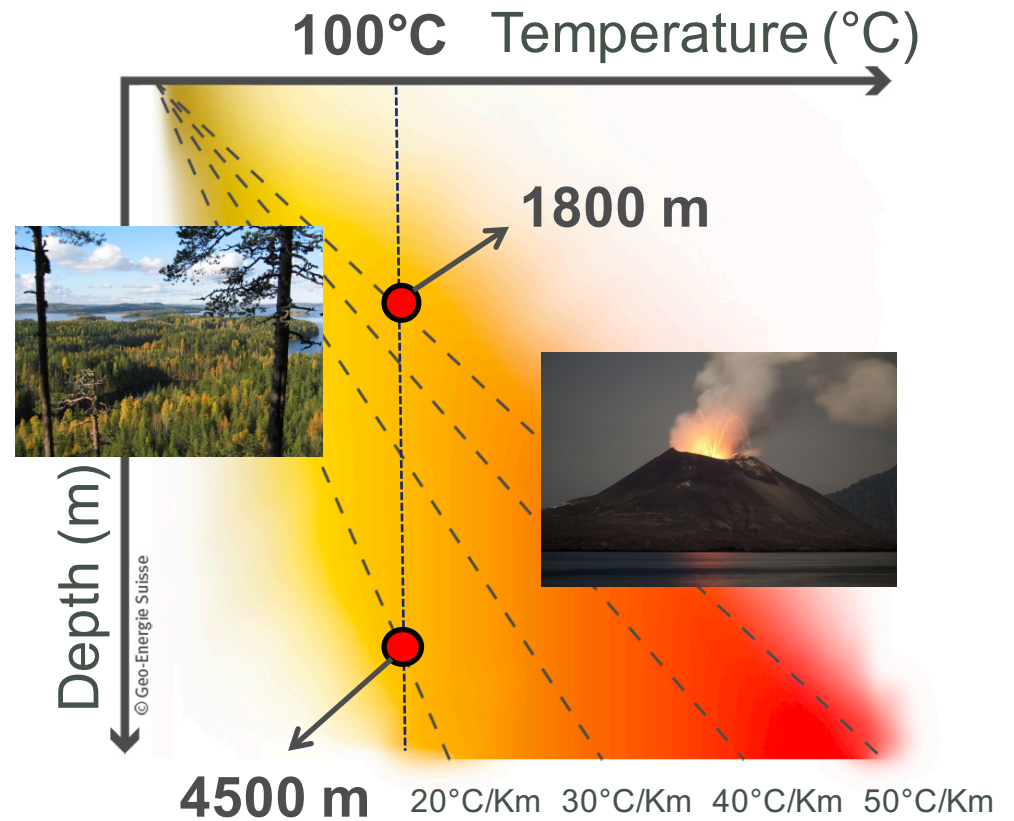
The Heat



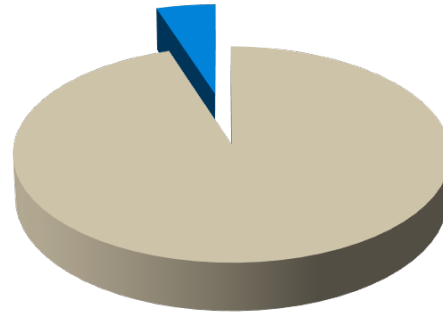
99%

of its volume is above 1000° C

The geothermal gradient



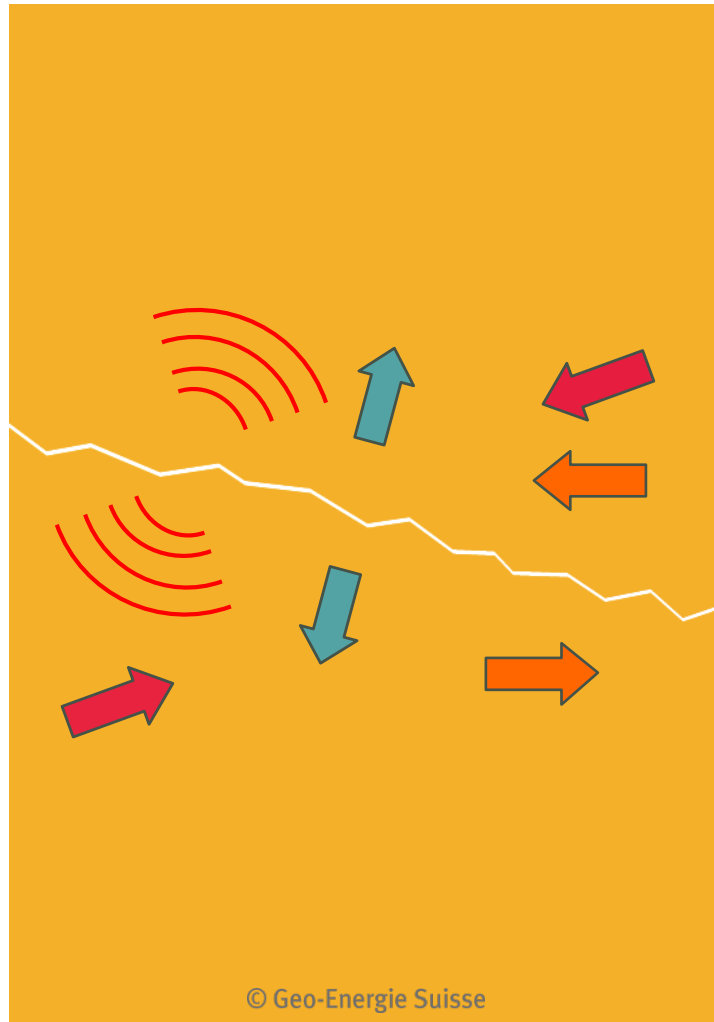
The Water Flow



Message

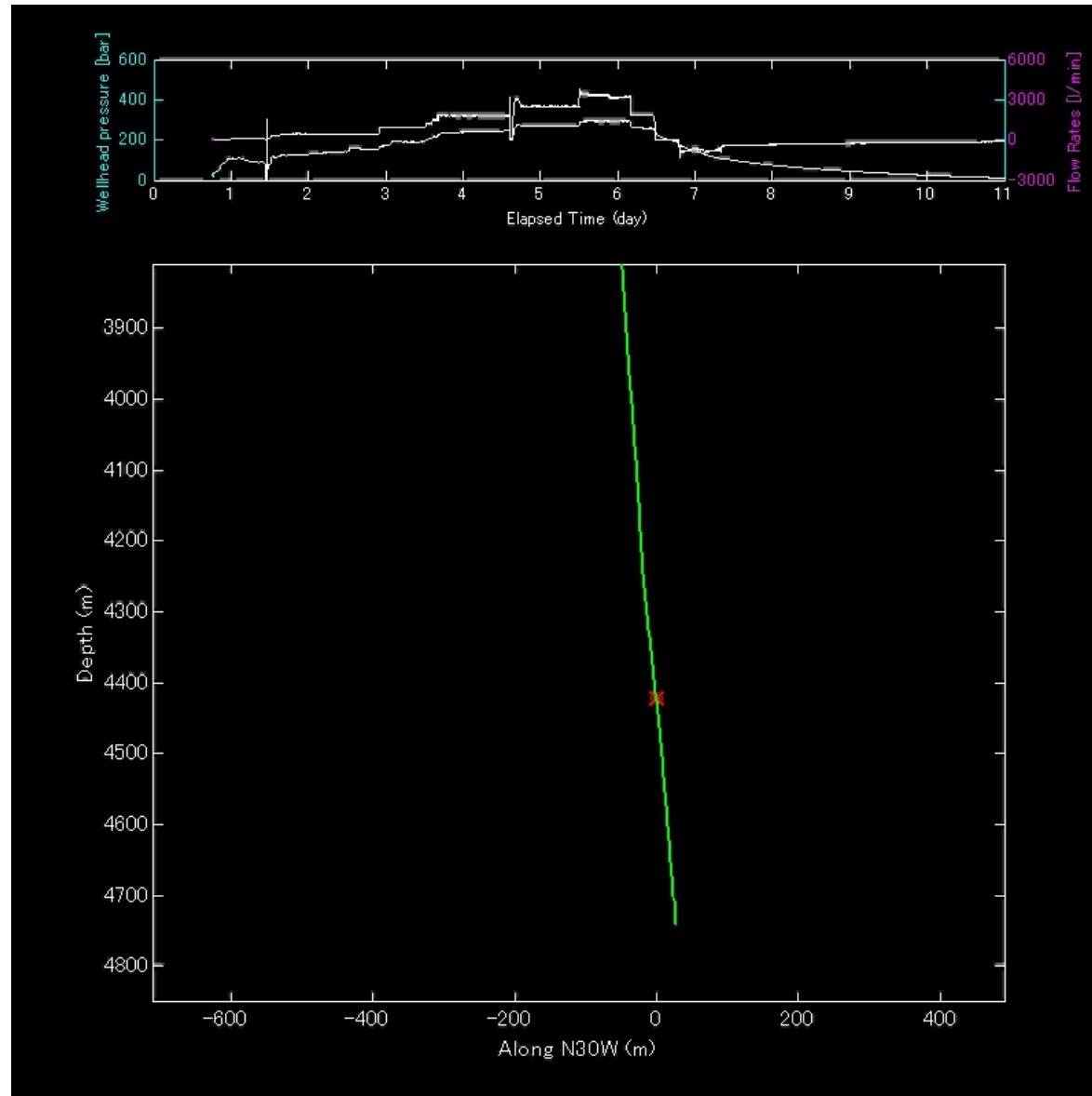
- Sufficient temperature will always be found. It is only a matter of depth (and costs)
- Large water flows at depth are rare. **Technology is therefore required to extract the heat in most cases**

EGS – Principle of hydraulic stimulation

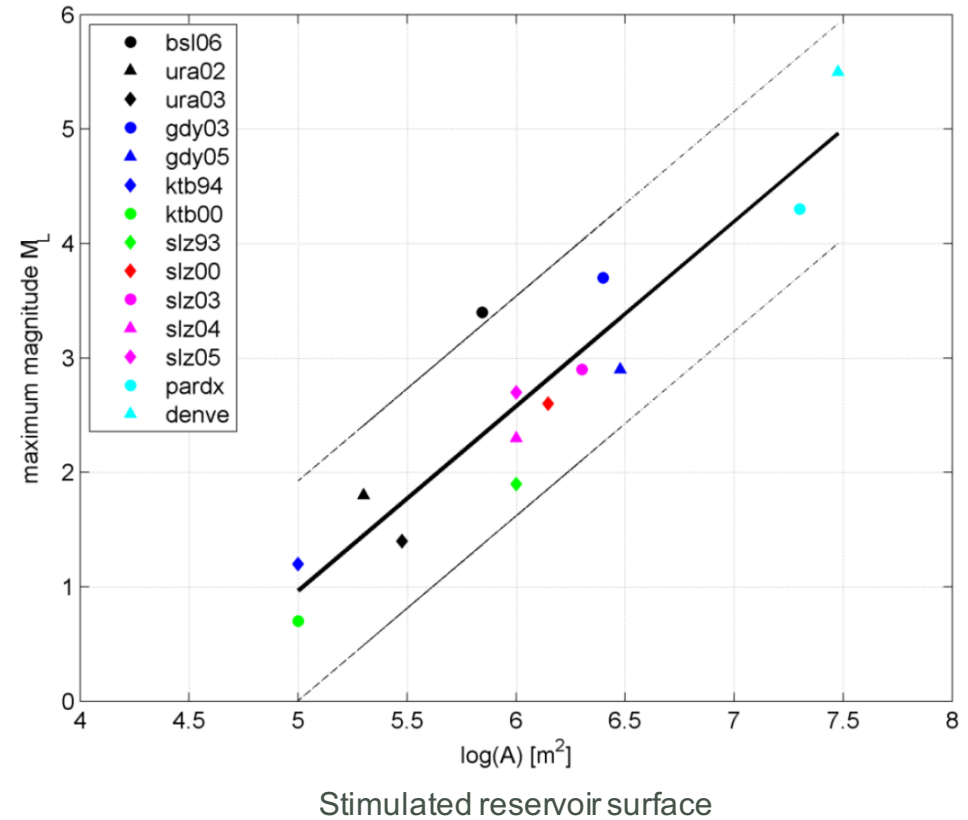
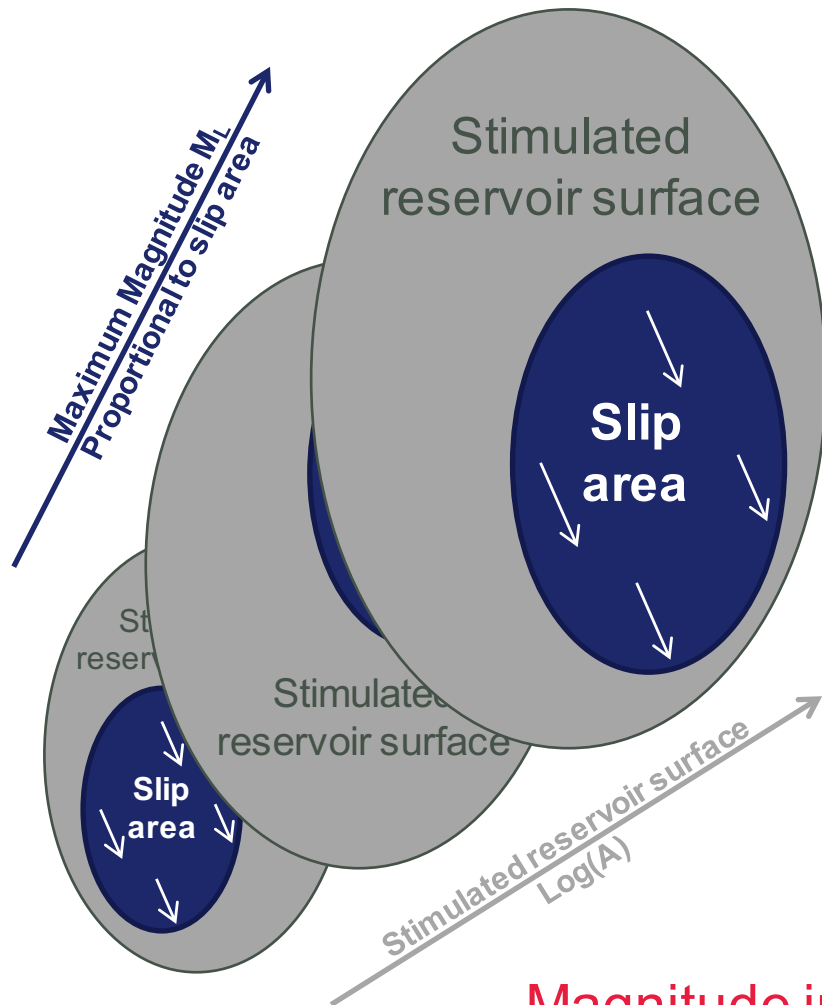


- Natural fissures represent weaknesses in the rock mass.
- Differential stresses permanently apply on them.
- The injection of water in a fissure reduces the friction preventing it from slipping.
- This causes a displacement along the fissure.
- Seismic energy is released, which allows the event to be located.
- The walls of the fissure don't match anymore. The permeability has been permanently enhanced.

Seismic dataset from the Basel project during the massive stimulation in large open wellbore section

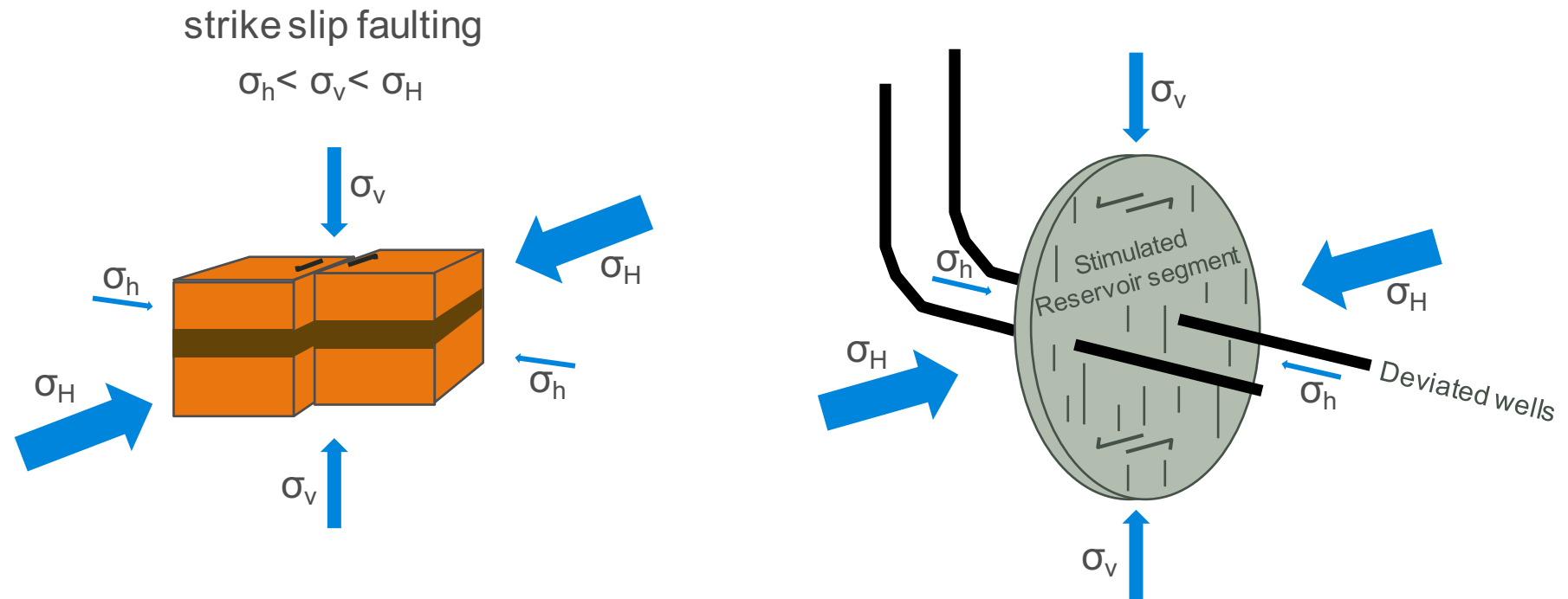


Basel: Key findings on induced seismicity



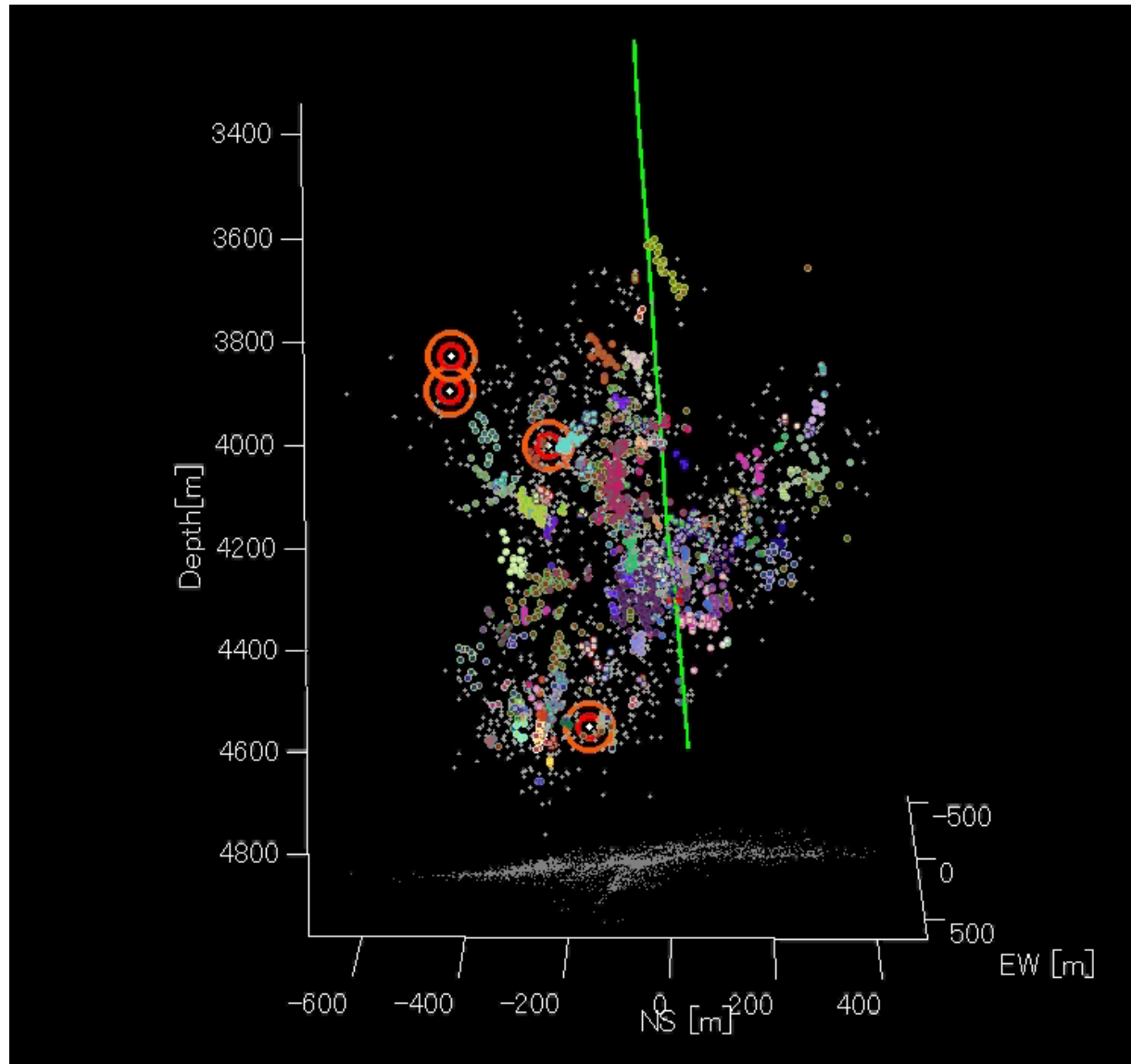
Magnitude increases with stimulated reservoir area (Serianex, 2009)

EGS – Orientation of the stimulated reservoir

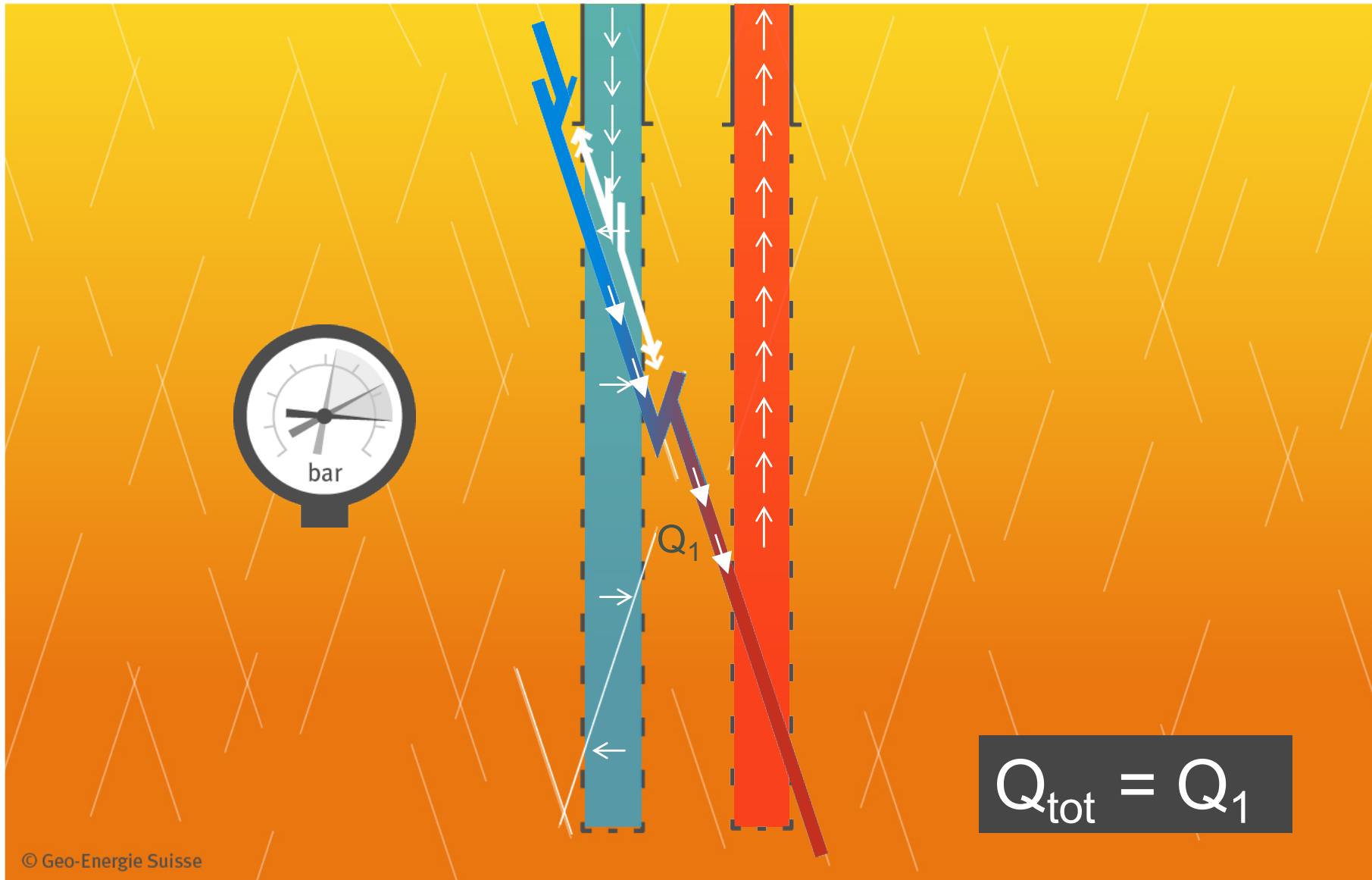


- In a strike-slip stress regime, a vertical disked-shaped reservoir develops during stimulation
- **→ In such stress regimes, the drilling of deviated wells is required**

Seismic dataset showing the 3D geometry of the Basel reservoir after 3 months

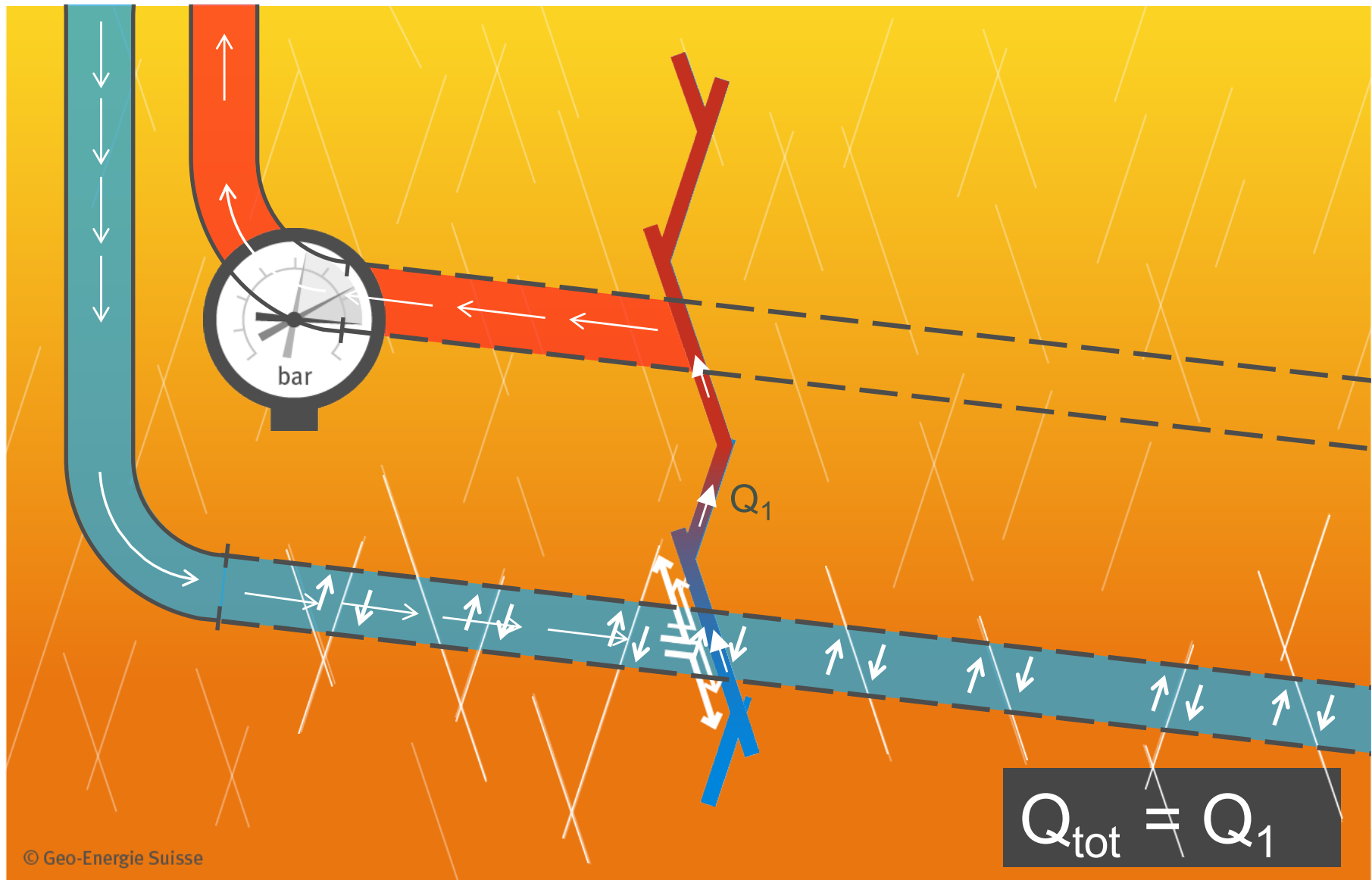


Stimulation of an open-hole vertical well



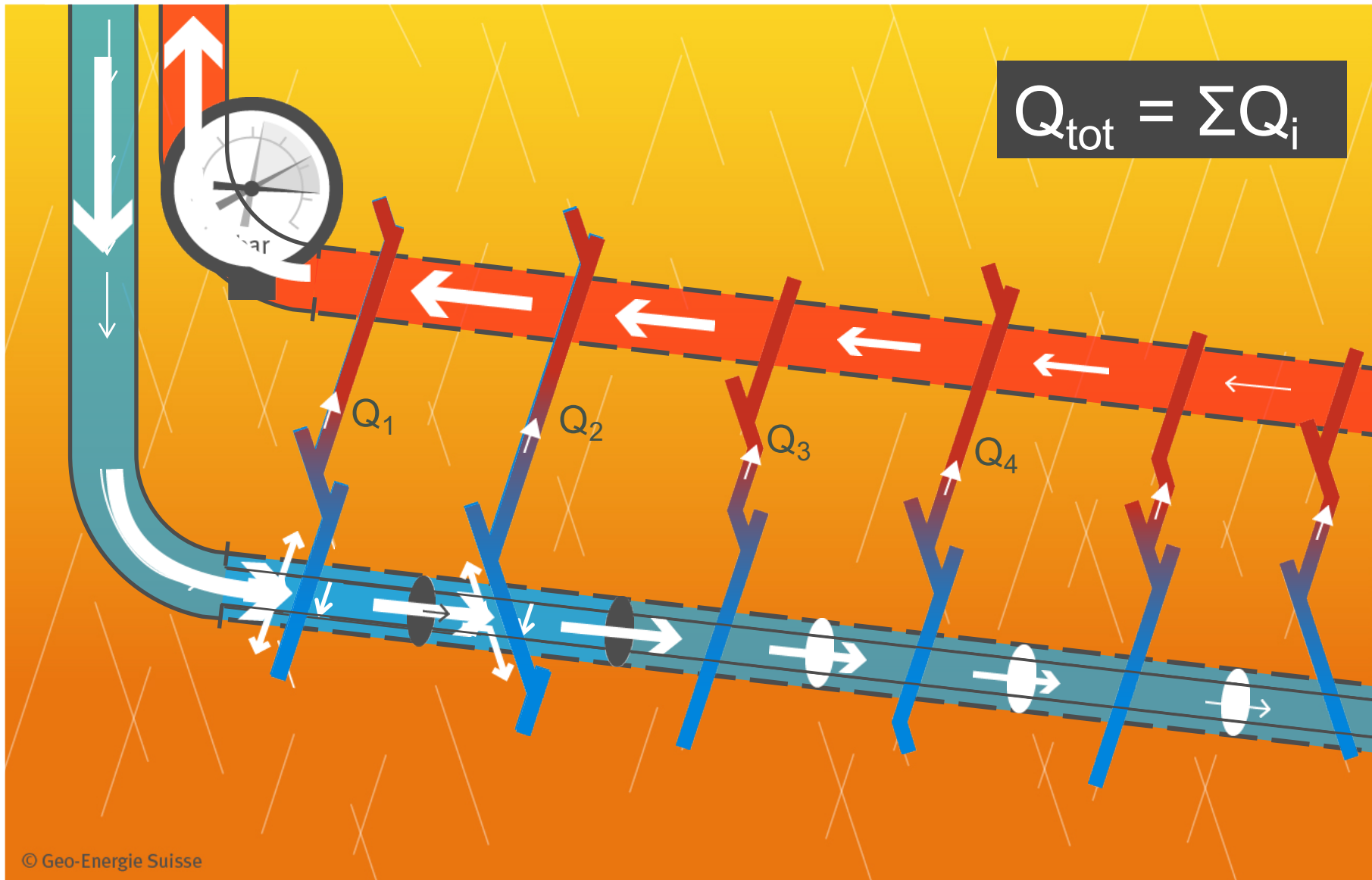
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Stimulation of an open-hole deviated well



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Multi-stage stimulation of isolated segments



Partners




























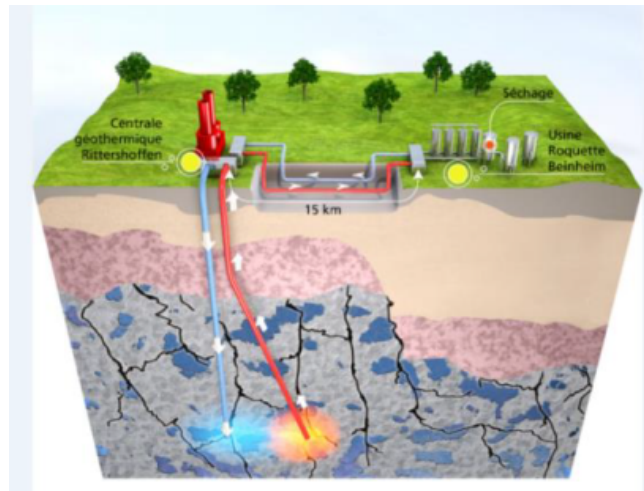
Pohang in Korea




(Source : Pohang GPP)

Pohang (KR)	Granodiorite formation	fractured granite/granodiorite	Depth 4348 m	Reservoir-thickness >1000 m	Temp. 140 @ 4.2 km	Salinity <1 g/L	2016: 2 wells (PX-1 & PX-2)
Foreseen stimulation techniques: cyclic hydraulic stimulation (optional: multi-stage fracturing)			WP5	Provision of electricity			


Rittershoffen in France



Rittershoffen (FR)	Fractured clastic rocks (SS) and fractured granite with high temperature geothermal resources	Fractured Triassic sandstone and Carboniferous fractured granite	Depth 2600m	Reservoir-thickness 680 m	Temp. >160	Salinity ~100 g/L	2014 2 wells finished and stimulated
THMC-Stimulation techniques performed 2013 Evaluation within DESTRESS			WP4	Heat for (green) chemical industry		 <small>és géothermie</small> <small>15</small>	

Westland in the Netherlands



Westland (NL)	Clastic (fractured) rocks (SS) with low-enthalpy geothermal resources (cores available)	Triassic Sandstone	Depth 4000 m	Reservoir-thickness 175 m	Temp. 140 °C	Salinity ~70 g/L	2017 Start drilling to Triassic
Foreseen stimulation techniques: Acid (HCL and/or HCL-HF) Option: (tensile) fracturing or thermal stimulation			WP4	Heat for greenhouses			

Project DESTRESS / EU-Horizon 2020

Multi-stage and cyclic stimulation



Objectives

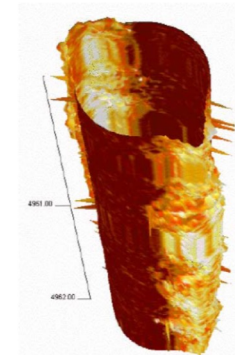
Demonstration of soft stimulation treatments of geothermal reservoirs.

Project description

16 Partners from research and industry from 6 European countries and South Korea will demonstrate soft stimulation in existing or planned boreholes at up to 7 sites in sedimentary and crystalline rocks.

Significance

Geo-Energie Suisse focuses on the development and testing of zonal isolation techniques and multi-stage shear stimulation treatments at the Haute-Sorne site.

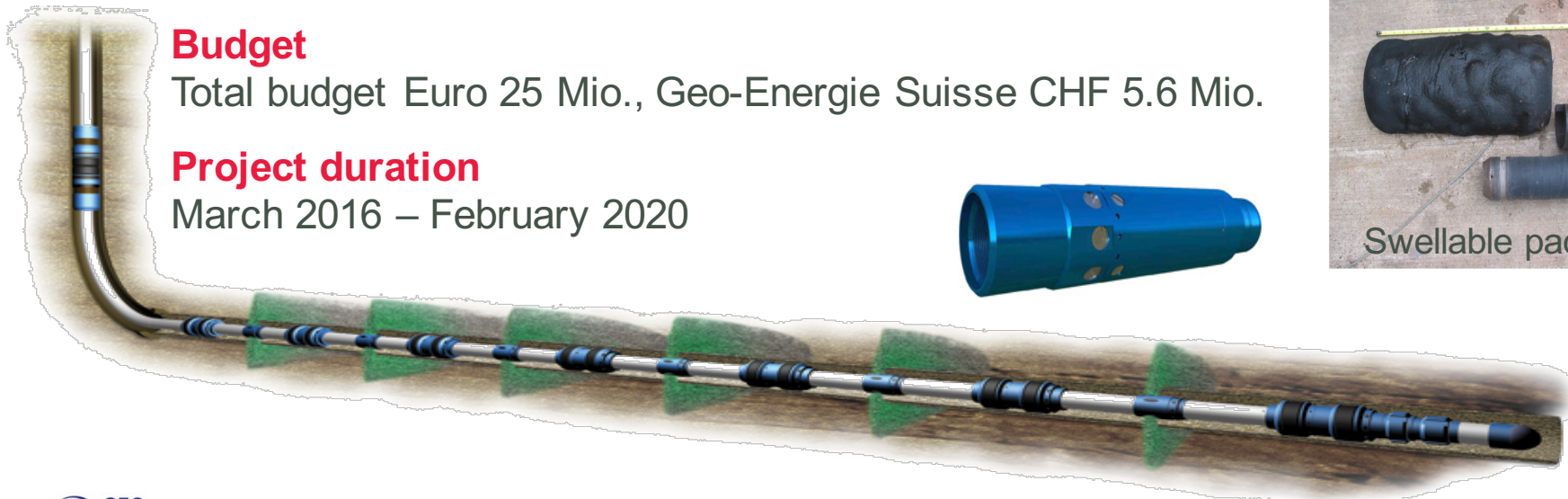


Budget

Total budget Euro 25 Mio., Geo-Energie Suisse CHF 5.6 Mio.

Project duration

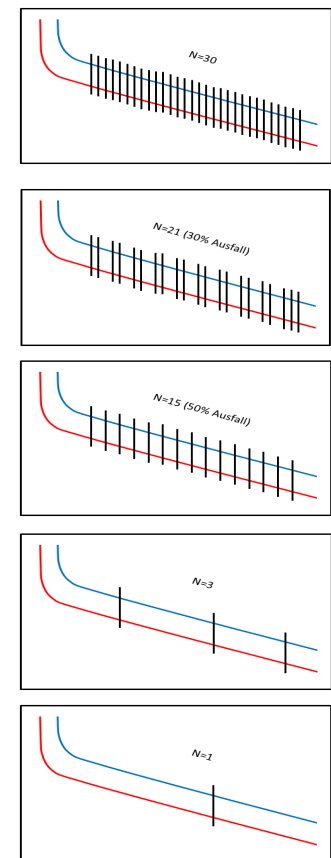
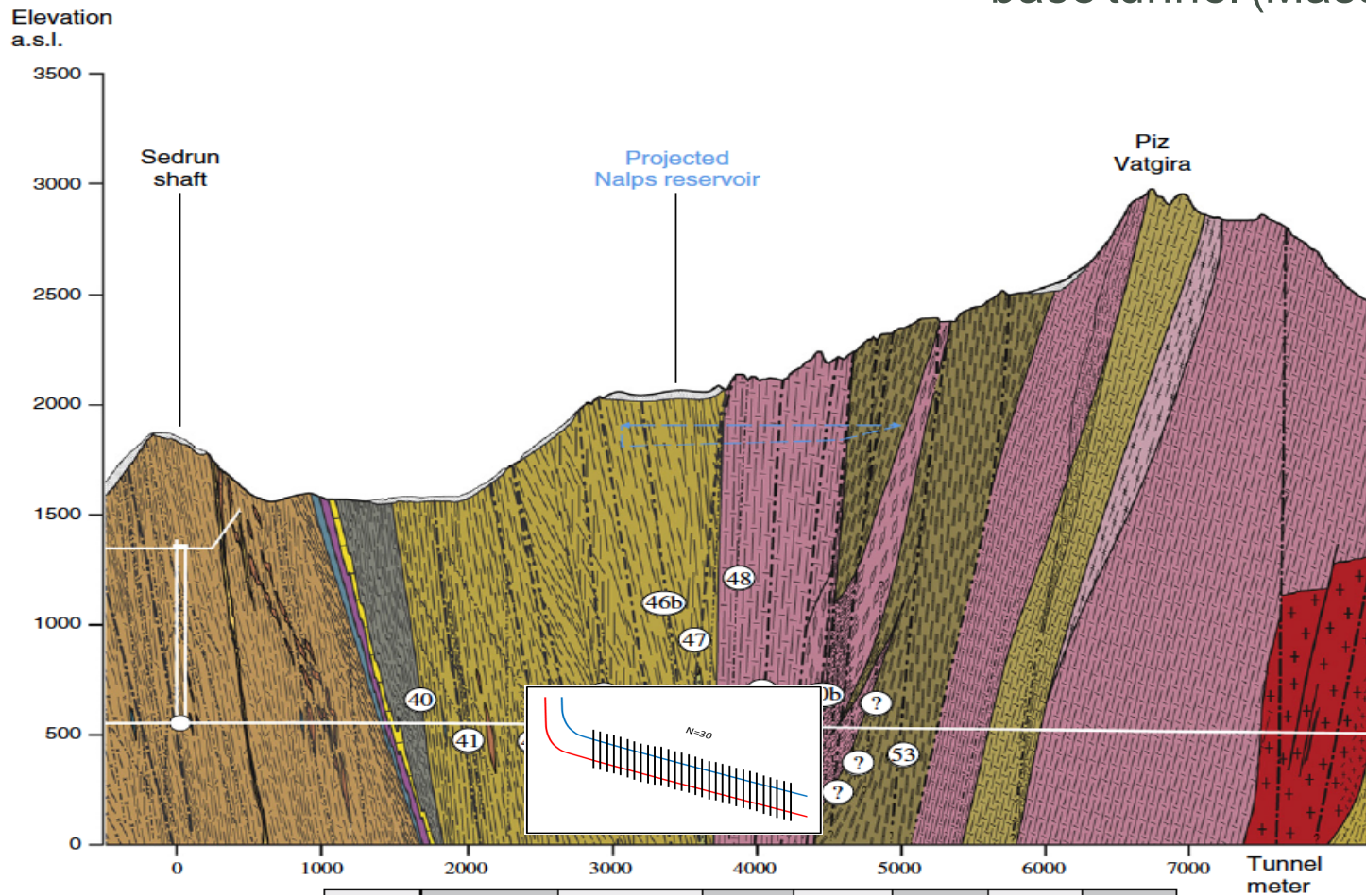
March 2016 – February 2020



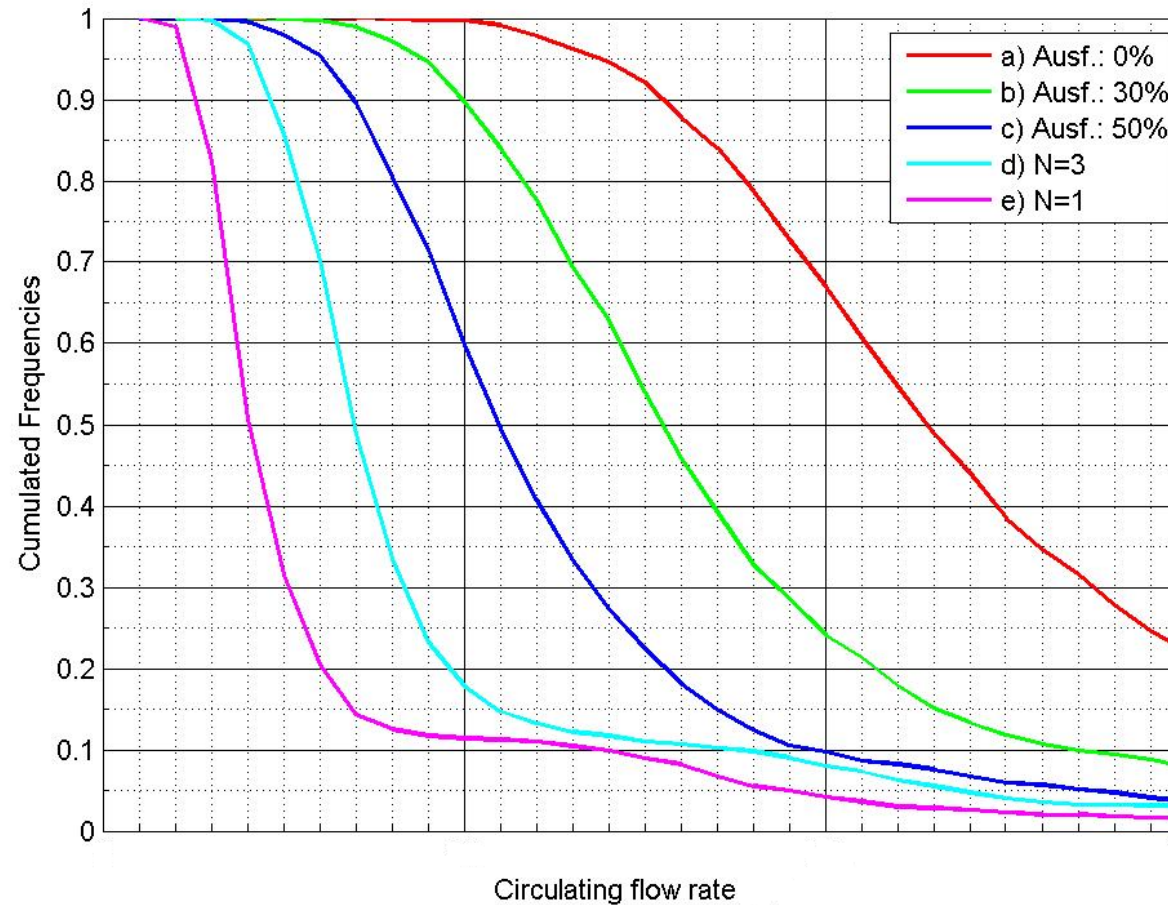
MC simulations to show chances of success

O. Masset, S. Loew / *Engineering Geology* 164 (2013) 50–66

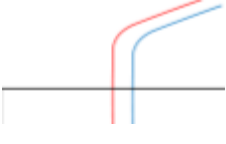
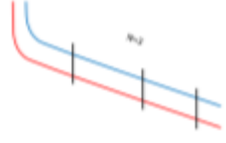
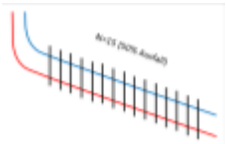
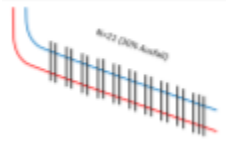
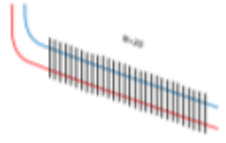
assuming rock conditions of the Gotthard base tunnel (Masset & Loew, 2013)



MC simulations demonstrate the improvement of circulation rates using a multi-stage stimulation system instead of a stimulation in an open borehole

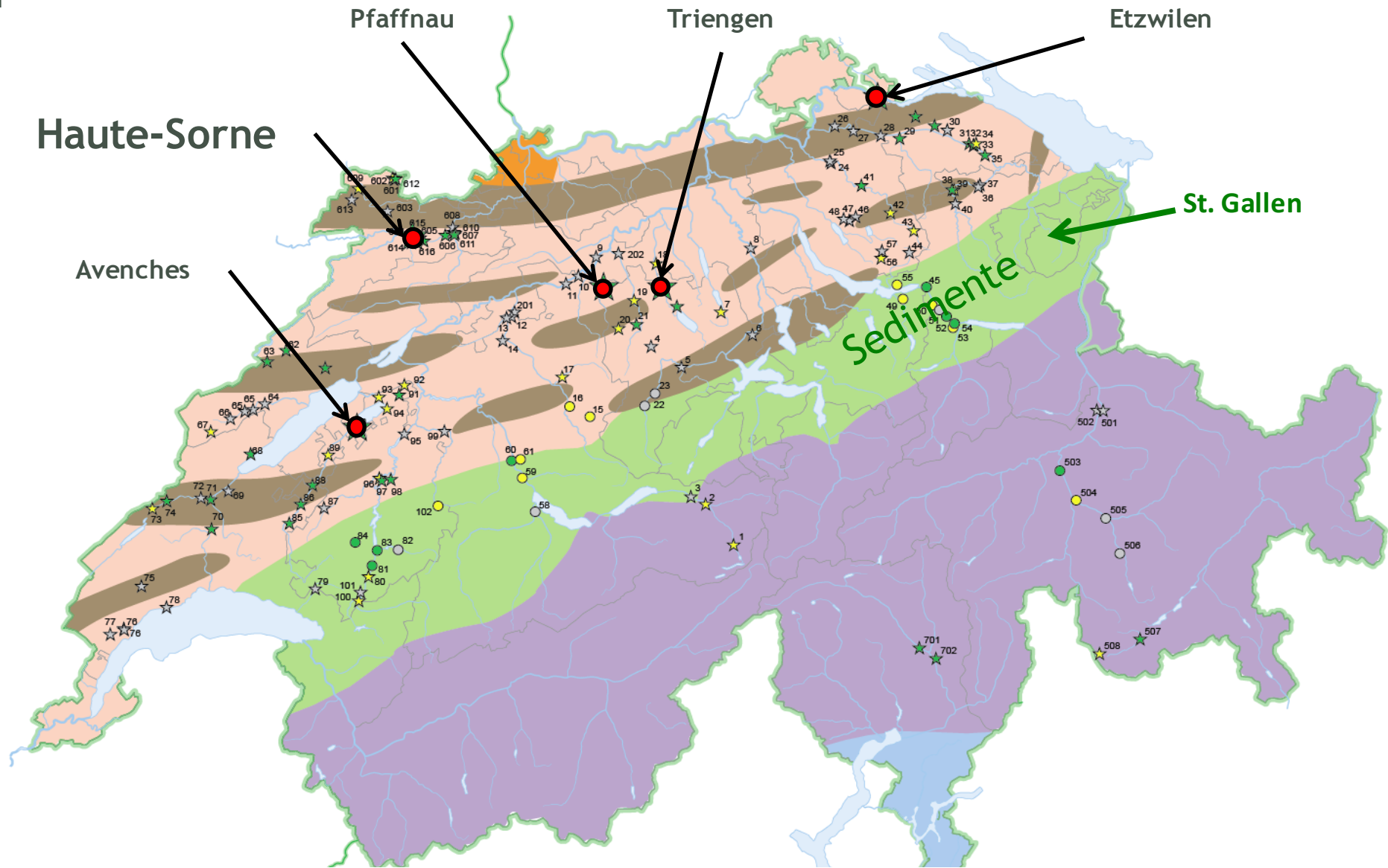


What are the economics?

Utilisation System	Increase Factor of:	
	El. Power	Costs
 Vertical Single-Open-Hole-System , 1 fracture	1	1
 Single-Open-Hole-System, 3 fractures	1.8	1.2
 Multi-Stage-System; 50% failure rate of stages	2.9	1.6
 Multi-Stage-System; 30% failure rate of stages	4.2	1.6
 Multi-Stage-System ; 0% failure rate of stages	6.2	1.6

130 potential sites for pilot projects were evaluated within different plays within crystalline basement and sediments

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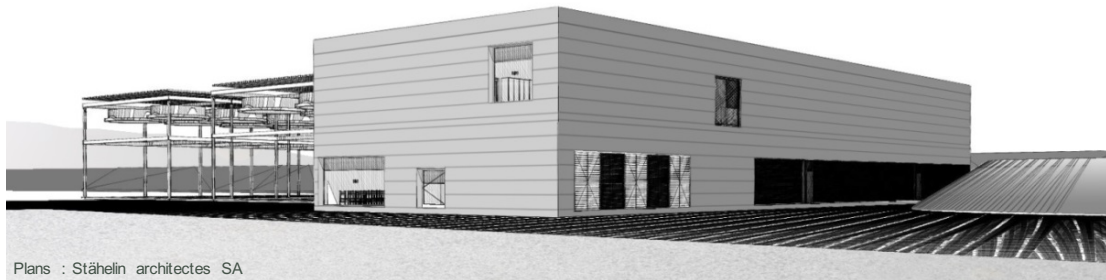


Haute-Sorne, Canton Jura

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The Haute-Sorne EGS Pilot Project

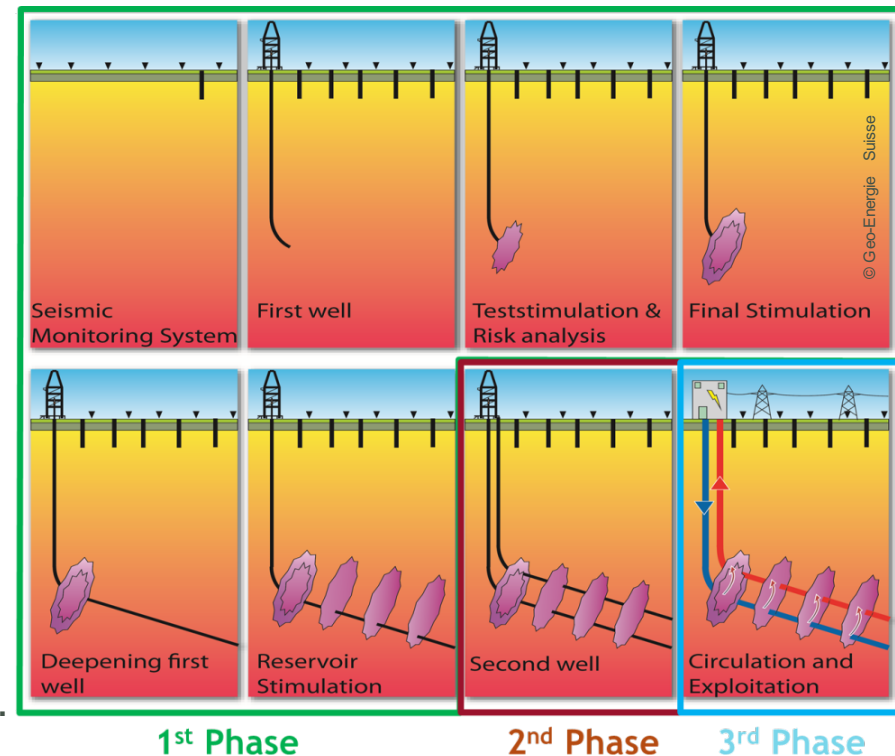


Agenda

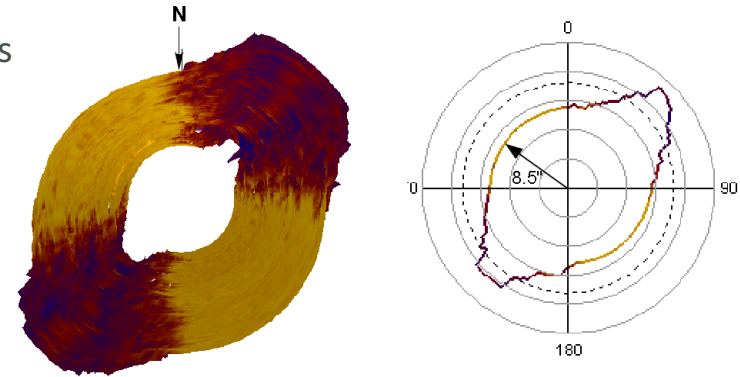
- 1st Phase: 2016-2018
- 2nd Phase: 2018-2019
- 3rd Phase: 2019-2020

Project Summary

- The Haute-Sorne pilot project in Canton Jura, Switzerland, is the first project worldwide that foresees multistage stimulation to achieve water circulation between two deep boreholes drilled through the crystalline basement.
- The project is in the final phase of obtaining the risk guarantee from the State that covers up to 60% of the exploration costs in case of failure.
- As a pilot and demonstration project, subsidies from the State can be expected.



Objectives: Zonal isolation is a key enabling technology for the development of deep geothermal resources. Optimal well control is central to the success of such technology. Brittle failure of borehole walls must be carefully assessed and measures must be taken to limit them in order to enable successful well completion with zonal isolation. The objectives of the project is to provide the adequate workflows to limit the risks and maximize the chances of success.



Project description

Within this project a workflow to make decisions on the optimal drilling direction will be developed and tested on existing and newly acquired datasets. This workflow will support efficient decision making during the drilling operation and reduce project risks.

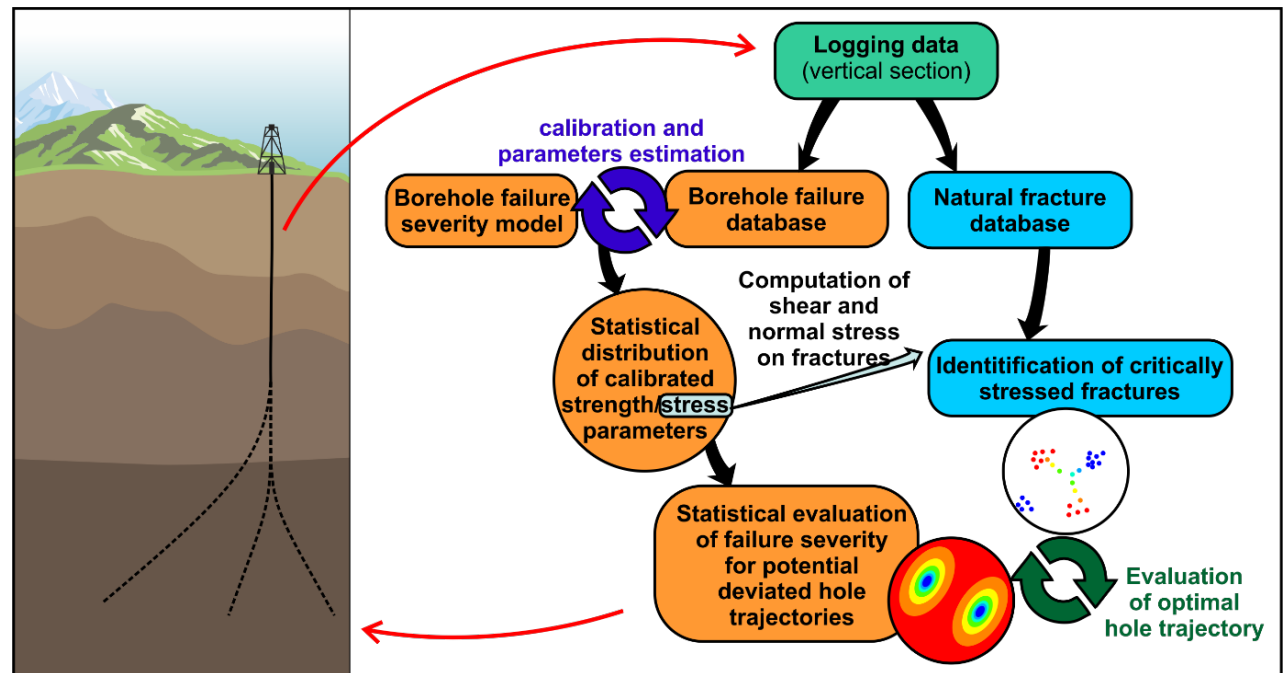
Significance

Enabling zonal isolation is key to efficient stimulation

Project duration

2015 – 2018

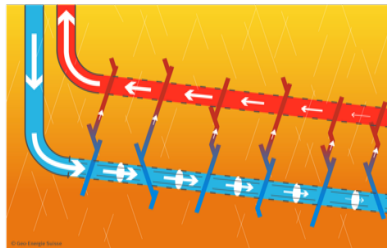
Funding Agent: KTI



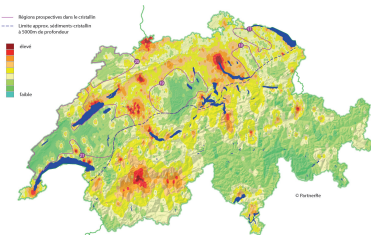
Partners: CHYN / UniNe; Geo-Energie Suisse AG

Contact: Benoît Valley, benoit.valley@unine.ch

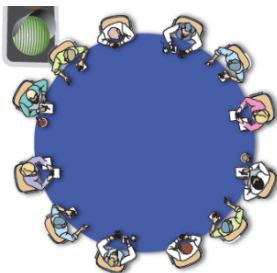
What's about the seismic risk?



Safer concept



Site selection



Continuous risk evaluation

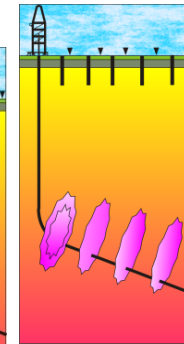
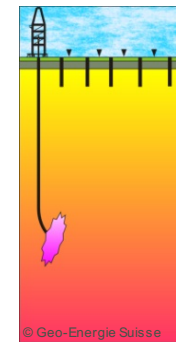


Risk studies



Conservative traffic light system

Stepwise realization



Stimulation test



Real-time monitoring

Permit delivered June 15, 2015



Peter Meier,
CEO
Geo-Energie Suisse

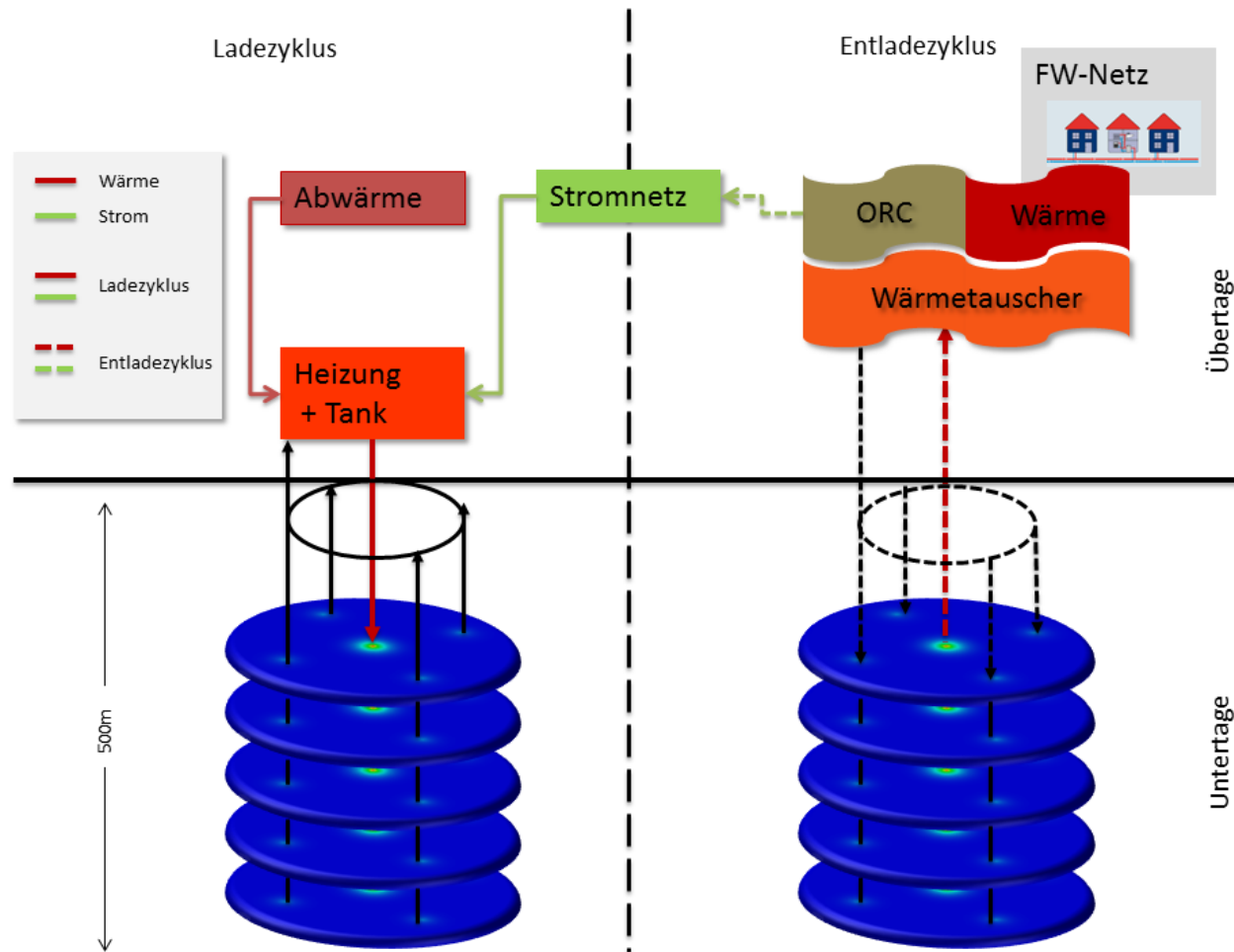
Philippe Receveur,
Minister
Canton of Jura

Jean-Bernard Vallat,
President
Commune of Haute-Sorne

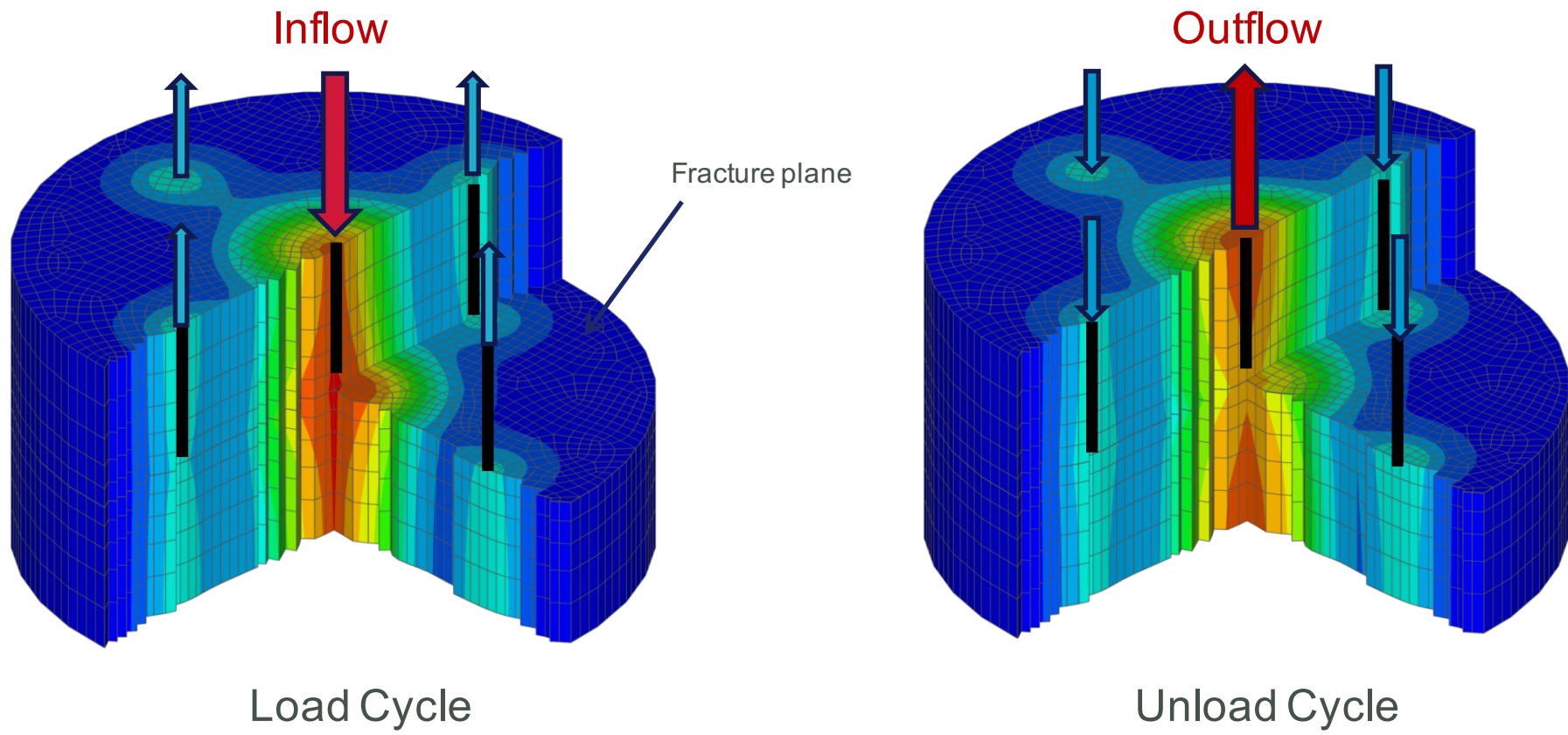
Time plan Haute-Sorne



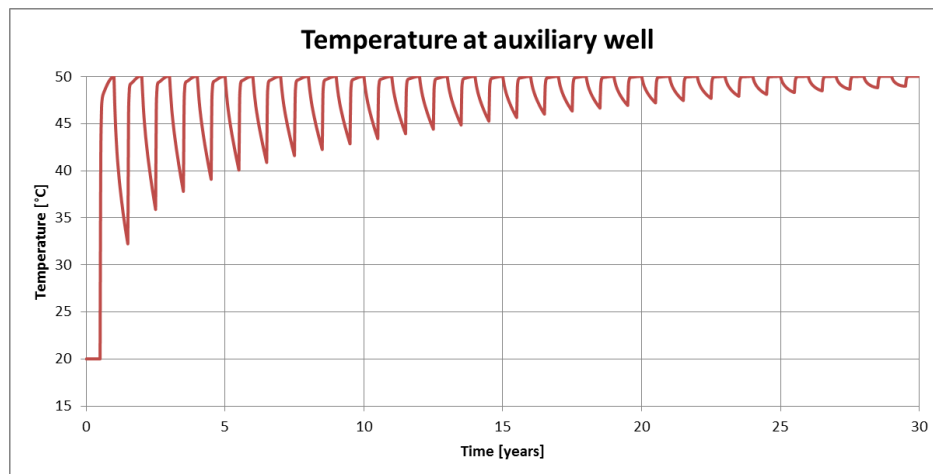
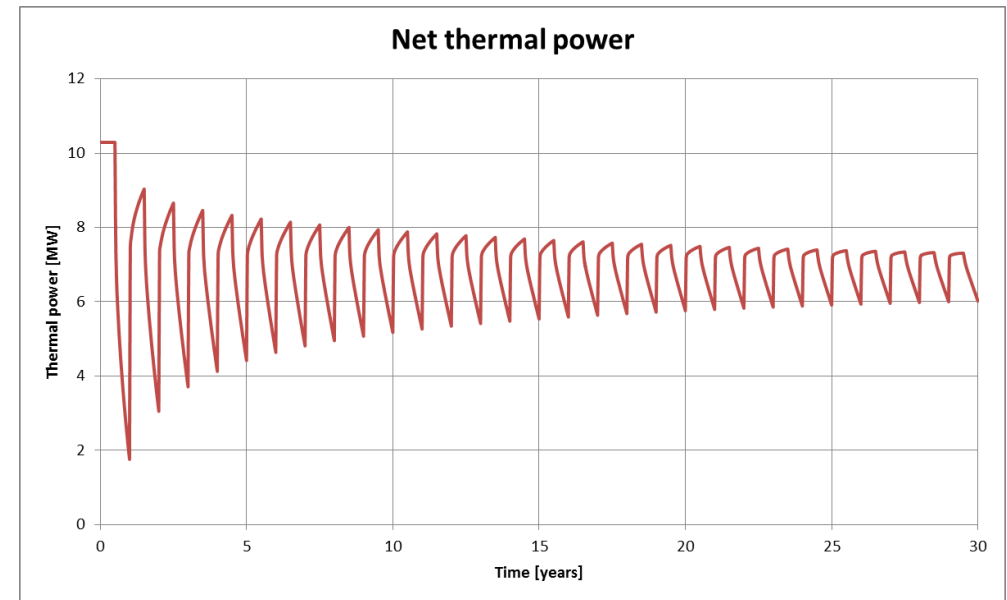
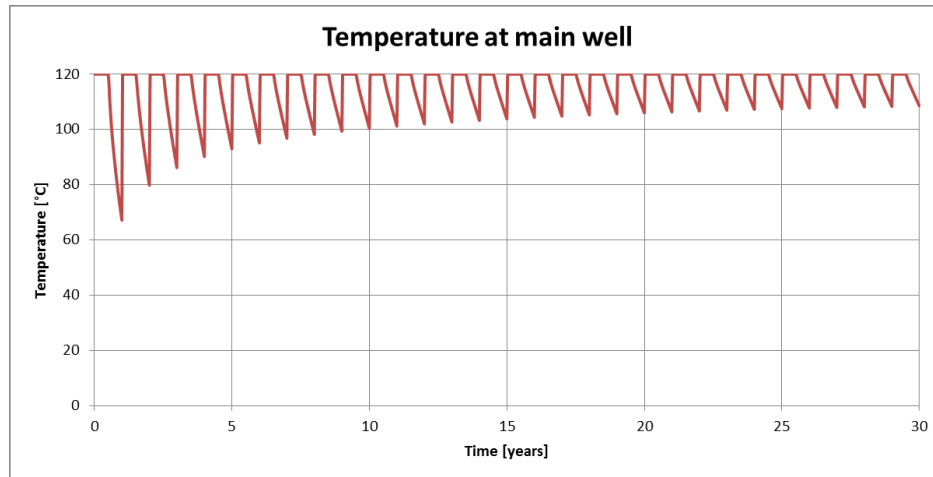
Other applications using EGS / fracturing technology: Underground heat storage



Loading / unloading of single fracture



Temperature and power

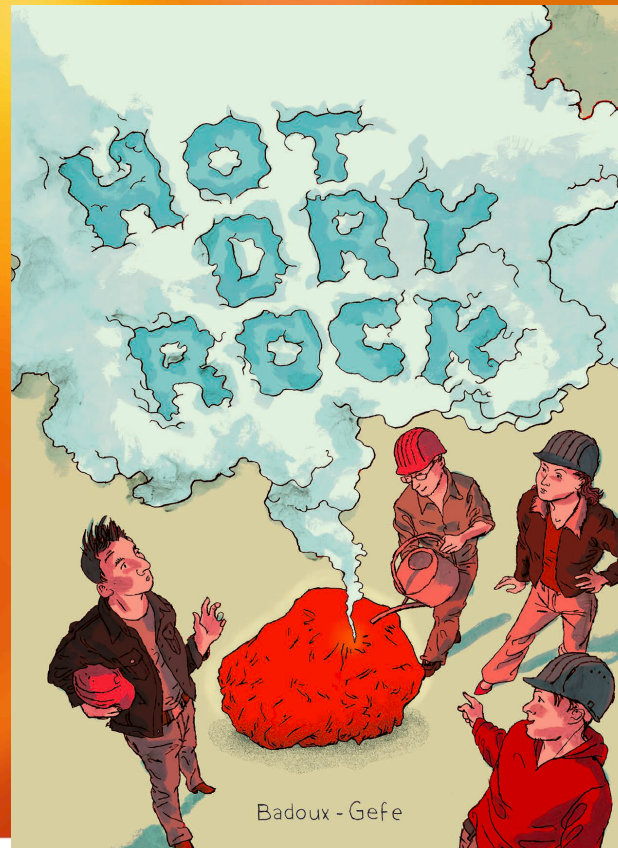


IEA Geothermal Annex 13, Task C “Reservoir creation”

Swiss participants under the patronate of BFE (Gunter Siddiqi) and Swisstopo (Christian Minnig)

- Geo-Energie Suisse AG (project developer, P&D test sites)
- Number of professors and senior researchers:
 - Brice Lecampion (EPFL)
 - Benoit Valley (Uni NE)
 - Keith Evans (ETH Zurich)
 - Florian Amann (ETH Zurich)

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Thank you for your attention!